

# Social Studies Word List

English–Japanese Vocabulary for New York Grades 9–12

**Purpose.** This list supports Japanese-speaking students and families learning high school social studies vocabulary in Grades 9–12. It covers geography, history, civics, economics, and inquiry with sources, evidence, and argument.

**How to use it.** Begin with the **Core** terms for reading, discussion, and source-based writing, then add the Useful terms as students analyze systems, compare perspectives, and build more complex historical and civic arguments.

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## Term count by area

| Area                       | Terms      |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Geography                  | 25         |
| History                    | 23         |
| Civics                     | 26         |
| Economics                  | 27         |
| Inquiry and Interpretation | 27         |
| <b>Total</b>               | <b>128</b> |

# Geography

| English                      | 日本語     | よみ            | Grade | Priority | Student note / use   |
|------------------------------|---------|---------------|-------|----------|--|
| region                       | 地域      | ちいき           | 9-12  | Core     | area defined by shared features or connections                                     |
| place                        | 場所      | ばしょ           | 9-12  | Core     | location with physical and human characteristics                                   |
| location                     | 位置      | いち            | 9-12  | Core     | where something is situated  |
| geospatial coordinate system | 地理空間座標系 | ちりくうかんざひょうけい  | 9-12  | Useful   | framework for locating places with latitude longitude and other mapped coordinates |
| strategic location           | 戦略的な位置  | せんりゃくてきないち    | 9-12  | Useful   | location that matters because of trade security or political advantage             |
| spatial distribution         | 空間分布    | くうかんぶんぷ       | 9-12  | Useful   | pattern showing how people resources or events are spread across space             |
| map projection               | 地図投影法   | ちずとうえいほう      | 9-12  | Useful   | method of showing the curved Earth on a flat map                                   |
| population density           | 人口密度    | じんこうみつど       | 9-12  | Core     | number of people living in a given area  |
| urbanization                 | 都市化     | としか           | 9-12  | Core     | growth of cities and urban life  |
| migration                    | 移住      | いじゅう          | 9-12  | Core     | movement of people from one place to another                                       |
| globalization                | グローバル化  | ぐるーばるか        | 9-12  | Core     | increasing connection among countries and peoples                                  |
| global supply chain          | 世界的供給網  | せかいてきぎょうきゅうもう | 9-12  | Useful   | linked steps through which goods are produced moved and sold across countries      |
| environmental policy         | 環境政策    | かんきょうせいさく     | 9-12  | Core     | laws and plans for protecting resources and managing environmental problems        |
| resource extraction          | 資源採掘    | しげんさいくつ       | 9-12  | Core     | removing useful materials from the Earth for economic use                          |
| renewable resource           | 再生可能資源  | さいせいかのうしげん    | 9-12  | Useful   | resource replaced naturally over time  |
| nonrenewable resource        | 再生不能資源  | さいせいふのうしげん    | 9-12  | Useful   | resource that cannot be replaced quickly   |
| sustainability               | 持続可能性   | じぞくかのうせい      | 9-12  | Core     | use of resources in a way that can continue over time                              |
| resilience                   | レジリエンス  | れじりえんす        | 9-12  | Core     | ability of people or systems to respond to disruption and recover                  |
| land-use change              | 土地利用の変化 | とちりょうのへんか     | 9-12  | Useful   | shift in how land is organized developed farmed or protected                       |
| climate                      | 気候      | きこう           | 9-12  | Core     | long-term pattern of weather in a region   |

|                        |      |          |      |        |   |
|------------------------|------|----------|------|--------|---|
| climate change         | 気候変動 | きこうへんどう  | 9-12 | Core   | long-term shift in climate patterns   |
| scarcity               | 希少性  | きしょうせい   | 9-12 | Core   | condition of limited resources and unlimited wants  |
| demographic transition | 人口転換 | じんこうてんかん | 9-12 | Useful | pattern of population change associated with shifts in birth and death rates over time                |
| regional integration   | 地域統合 | ちいきとうごう  | 9-12 | Useful | process through which neighboring places become more connected economically politically or culturally |
| resource management    | 資源管理 | しげんかんり   | 9-12 | Useful | planning and decision making about how resources are used protected or distributed                    |

## History

| English                 | 日本語     | よみ           | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|-------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|----------|---|
| historical narrative    | 歴史叙述    | れきしじょじゅつ     | 9-12  | Core     | account that organizes events and interpretation into a coherent explanation of the past        |
| historical significance | 歴史的重要性  | れきしてきじゅうようせい | 9-12  | Useful   | judgment about why a person event or development matters in history                             |
| contingency             | 偶発性     | ぐうはつせい       | 9-12  | Useful   | idea that outcomes depend on choices conditions and events that could have happened differently |
| change over time        | 時代による変化 | じだいによるへんか    | 9-12  | Core     | ways people institutions and ideas develop across time  |
| turning point           | 転換点     | てんかんでん       | 9-12  | Core     | event that marks a significant shift  |
| historical context      | 歴史的背景   | れきしてきはいけい    | 9-12  | Core     | conditions surrounding an event source or decision  |
| historical perspective  | 歴史的視点   | れきしてきてん      | 9-12  | Useful   | understanding the past through the values and conditions of its time                            |
| empire                  | 帝国      | ていこく         | 9-12  | Core     | state ruling multiple lands or peoples  |
| imperialism             | 帝国主義    | ていこくしゅぎ      | 9-12  | Core     | policy of extending power over other lands or peoples   |
| colonization            | 植民地化    | しょくみんちか      | 9-12  | Useful   | process of settling and controlling another territory   |
| cause                   | 原因      | げんいん         | 9-12  | Core     | reason an event or development happened   |
| effect                  | 結果      | けっか          | 9-12  | Core     | result that followed from an event or decision  |

|                           |         |             |      |        |   |
|---------------------------|---------|-------------|------|--------|---|
| proximate cause           | 直接的原因   | ちよくせつてきげんいん | 9-12 | Useful | immediate factor that triggered a larger event or development                 |
| underlying factor         | 背景要因    | はいけいよういん    | 9-12 | Useful | deeper structural condition shaping why change became possible or likely      |
| unintended consequence    | 意図しない結果 | いとしないけっか    | 9-12 | Useful | outcome that was not planned or expected by historical actors or policymakers |
| revolution                | 革命      | かくめい        | 9-12 | Core   | major political or social transformation                                      |
| reform                    | 改革      | かいかく        | 9-12 | Core   | change made to improve a system or society                                    |
| nationalism               | 国家主義    | こっかしゅぎ      | 9-12 | Useful | strong identification with and support for a nation                           |
| industrialization         | 工業化     | こうぎょうか      | 9-12 | Core   | shift toward machine-based manufacturing and factory production               |
| interpretation            | 解釈      | かいしゃく       | 9-12 | Core   | reasoned explanation of historical meaning                                    |
| periodization             | 時代区分    | じだいくぶん      | 9-12 | Useful | way historians divide the past into meaningful blocks of time                 |
| multicausality            | 複合因果    | ふくごういんが     | 9-12 | Useful | idea that events usually have more than one cause                             |
| historical interpretation | 歴史解釈    | れきしかいしゃく    | 9-12 | Core   | reasoned explanation of the past based on evidence and perspective            |

## Civics

| English             | 日本語  | よみ       | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|---------------------|------|----------|-------|----------|---|
| government          | 政府   | せいふ      | 9-12  | Core     | system for making and enforcing laws  |
| constitution        | 憲法   | けんぽう     | 9-12  | Core     | foundational plan of a government   |
| popular sovereignty | 国民主権 | こくみんしゅけん | 9-12  | Core     | principle that political authority comes from the people                    |
| republic            | 共和国  | きょうわこく   | 9-12  | Useful   | government in which citizens elect representatives                          |
| federalism          | 連邦主義 | れんぽうしゅぎ  | 9-12  | Core     | division of power between national and state governments                    |
| judicial review     | 違憲審査 | いけんしんさ   | 9-12  | Core     | power of courts to evaluate whether laws or actions fit the constitution    |
| constitutionalism   | 立憲主義 | りっけんしゅぎ  | 9-12  | Useful   | idea that government power is limited by law and a constitutional framework |
| rule of law         | 法の支配 | ほうのしはい   | 9-12  | Core     | principle that everyone is subject to the law                               |

|                       |       |           |      |        |   |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------|------|--------|---|
| due process           | 適正手続  | てきせいてつづき  | 9-12 | Useful | fair legal procedures protecting individual rights  |
| civil liberties       | 市民的自由 | しみんてきじゆう  | 9-12 | Core   | freedoms protected from government interference   |
| citizen               | 市民    | しみん       | 9-12 | Core   | member of a country with rights and responsibilities  |
| suffrage              | 参政権   | さんせいけん    | 9-12 | Useful | right to vote in elections  |
| public opinion        | 世論    | よろん       | 9-12 | Core   | views held by the public that can shape elections and policy decisions                              |
| public policy         | 公共政策  | こうきょうせいさく | 9-12 | Core   | government plan or course of action on an issue   |
| interest group        | 利益団体  | りえきだんたい   | 9-12 | Useful | organized group seeking to influence policy   |
| lobbying              | ロビー活動 | ろびーかつどう   | 9-12 | Useful | organized effort to influence lawmakers or government officials                                     |
| petition              | 請願    | せいがん      | 9-12 | Useful | formal request to authorities signed by supporters  |
| rights                | 権利    | けんり       | 9-12 | Core   | legal or moral protections or freedoms  |
| responsibilities      | 責任    | せきにん      | 9-12 | Core   | duties expected of members of society   |
| equal protection      | 平等保護  | びょうどうほご   | 9-12 | Core   | constitutional principle requiring the law to treat people fairly and without unjust discrimination |
| justice               | 正義    | せいぎ       | 9-12 | Core   | fairness in law institutions and society  |
| federalism            | 連邦主義  | れんぽうしゅぎ   | 9-12 | Core   | division of power between national and state governments  |
| due process           | 適正手続き | てきせいてつづき  | 9-12 | Useful | requirement that government follow fair legal procedures  |
| political platform    | 政党綱領  | せいとうこうりょう | 9-12 | Useful | statement of positions and goals put forward by a political group or candidate                      |
| policy implementation | 政策実施  | せいさくじっし   | 9-12 | Useful | process of putting a law or policy into action  |
| civil discourse       | 市民的対話 | しみんてきたいわ  | 9-12 | Useful | respectful discussion of public issues among people with different views                            |

## Economics

| English            | 日本語  | よみ       | Grade | Priority | Student note / use   |
|--------------------|------|----------|-------|----------|--|
| economy            | 経済   | けいざい     | 9-12  | Core     | system for producing distributing and consuming goods and services |
| market equilibrium | 市場均衡 | しじょうきんこう | 9-12  | Core     | point where supply and demand meet and set an exchange level       |

|                        |          |            |      |        |  |
|------------------------|----------|------------|------|--------|--|
| supply                 | 供給       | きょうぎゅう     | 9-12 | Core   | amount producers are willing to sell   |
| demand                 | 需要       | じゅよう       | 9-12 | Core   | amount consumers are willing to buy  |
| equilibrium price      | 均衡価格     | きんこうかかく    | 9-12 | Core   | price level at which quantity supplied and quantity demanded are balanced                          |
| monopoly               | 独占       | どくせん       | 9-12 | Useful | market structure in which one seller dominates supply  |
| incentive              | 誘因       | ゆういん       | 9-12 | Useful | benefit or cost that influences decisions  |
| marginal analysis      | 限界分析     | げんかいはんぶんせき | 9-12 | Core   | decision-making method comparing additional costs and additional benefits                          |
| scarcity               | 希少性      | きしょうせい     | 9-12 | Core   | condition of limited resources relative to wants   |
| comparative advantage  | 比較優位     | ひかくゆうい     | 9-12 | Useful | ability to produce a good at lower opportunity cost than another producer or country               |
| productivity           | 生産性      | せいさんせい     | 9-12 | Useful | amount produced relative to resources used   |
| trade                  | 貿易       | ぼうえき       | 9-12 | Core   | exchange of goods and services   |
| import                 | 輸入       | ゆにゅう       | 9-12 | Core   | good or service brought into a country   |
| export                 | 輸出       | ゆしゅつ       | 9-12 | Core   | good or service sold to another country  |
| tariff                 | 関税       | かんぜい       | 9-12 | Useful | tax on imported goods  |
| fiscal policy          | 財政政策     | ざいせいせいさく   | 9-12 | Core   | use of government spending and taxation to influence economic conditions                           |
| taxation               | 課税       | かぜい        | 9-12 | Useful | process of collecting money for government use   |
| inflation              | インフレーション | いんふれーしょん   | 9-12 | Useful | general rise in prices over time   |
| recession              | 景気後退     | けいきこうたい    | 9-12 | Useful | period of economic decline   |
| investment             | 投資       | とうし        | 9-12 | Core   | use of money or resources for future return  |
| capital                | 資本       | しほん        | 9-12 | Useful | money tools or resources used to produce goods and services  |
| labor                  | 労働       | ろうどう       | 9-12 | Core   | human work used in production  |
| market economy         | 市場経済     | しじょうけいざい   | 9-12 | Core   | economic system in which prices and production are guided largely by supply demand and competition |
| elasticity             | 弾力性      | だんりょくせい    | 9-12 | Useful | measure of how much buyers or sellers respond to changes such as price                             |
| gross domestic product | GDP      | じーでいーぴー    | 9-12 | Core   | total value of goods and services produced within a country in a period of time                    |

|                    |      |           |      |        |   |
|--------------------|------|-----------|------|--------|---|
| unemployment       | 失業   | しつぎょう     | 9-12 | Core   | condition of being without a job while seeking work                         |
| standard of living | 生活水準 | せいかつすいじゅん | 9-12 | Useful | level of material well-being and access to goods services and opportunities |

## Inquiry and Interpretation

| English                  | 日本語     | よみ            | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------|-------|----------|---|
| document-based question  | 資料活用問題  | しりょうかつようもんだい  | 9-12  | Core     | writing task that requires analyzing documents and building an evidence-based historical argument |
| historiographical debate | 歴史解釈の論争 | れきしかいしゃくのろんそう | 9-12  | Core     | scholarly disagreement about how the past should be interpreted                                   |
| quantitative evidence    | 定量的証拠   | ていりょうてきしょうこ   | 9-12  | Core     | numerical data used to support a claim or interpretation  |
| claim                    | 主張      | しゅちょう         | 9-12  | Core     | statement that can be supported by evidence   |
| reliability              | 信頼性     | しんらいせい        | 9-12  | Core     | degree to which a source can be trusted   |
| disciplinary lens        | 学問的視点   | がくもんてきしてん     | 9-12  | Core     | way of examining an issue through the methods and questions of a field of study                   |
| bias                     | 偏り      | かたより          | 9-12  | Useful   | one-sided viewpoint that shapes a source or argument  |
| corroboration            | 裏づけ     | うらづけ          | 9-12  | Useful   | confirmation by comparing multiple sources  |
| sourcing                 | 出典分析    | しゅってんぶんせき     | 9-12  | Useful   | considering who created a source and why  |
| contextualization        | 文脈化     | ぶんみゃくか        | 9-12  | Useful   | placing a source or event in its historical setting   |
| inference                | 推論      | すいろん          | 9-12  | Core     | conclusion drawn from evidence and reasoning  |
| line of reasoning        | 論理の筋道   | ろんりのすじみち      | 9-12  | Core     | clear sequence showing how evidence and analysis build toward a conclusion                        |
| counterclaim             | 反対主張    | はんたいしゅちょう     | 9-12  | Useful   | position that challenges the main argument  |
| reasoning                | 論理      | ろんり           | 9-12  | Core     | thinking that connects evidence to a conclusion   |
| analysis                 | 分析      | ぶんせき          | 9-12  | Core     | careful study of sources and ideas  |
| thesis                   | 中心主張    | ちゅうしんしゅちょう    | 9-12  | Core     | main argument of an essay or presentation   |
| annotation               | 注釈      | ちゅうしゃく        | 9-12  | Useful   | notes added to a text or source to mark meaning evidence or questions                             |
| paraphrase               | 言い換え    | いいかえ          | 9-12  | Useful   | restate source information in new words   |

|                      |         |              |      |        |  |
|----------------------|---------|--------------|------|--------|--|
| summary              | 要約      | ようやく         | 9-12 | Core   | brief statement of main ideas or findings  |
| presentation         | 発表      | はっぴょう        | 9-12 | Core   | spoken communication of research or argument   |
| conclusion           | 結論      | けつろん         | 9-12 | Core   | final claim or judgment based on evidence  |
| synthesis            | 統合      | とうごう         | 9-12 | Core   | combining information from multiple sources into a coherent interpretation or argument |
| point of view        | 観点      | かんてん         | 9-12 | Core   | position from which a source or person sees and explains events                        |
| qualitative evidence | 質的証拠    | しつてきしょうこ     | 9-12 | Useful | descriptive evidence drawn from words images or observations rather than numbers alone |
| qualify a claim      | 主張を限定する | しゅちょうをげんていする | 9-12 | Useful | adjust an argument to reflect exceptions limits or greater precision                   |
| rebuttal             | 反       | はんぱく         | 9-12 | Useful | response that explains why an opposing claim is weak or incomplete                     |
| source attribution   | 出典明示    | しゅってんめいじ     | 9-12 | Useful | clear indication of where specific information or evidence comes from                  |

## Civics (sorted)

| English               | 日本語   | よみ       | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|-------|----------|---|
| due process           | 適正手続き | てきせいてつづき | 9-12  | Useful   | requirement that government follow fair legal procedures  |
| federalism            | 連邦主義  | れんぽうしゅぎ  | 9-12  | Core     | division of power between national and state governments  |
| civil liberties       | 市民的自由 | しみんてきじゆう | 9-12  | Core     | freedoms protected from government interference   |
| constitution          | 憲法    | けんぽう     | 9-12  | Core     | foundational plan of a government   |
| constitutionalism     | 立憲主義  | りっけんしゅぎ  | 9-12  | Useful   | idea that government power is limited by law and a constitutional framework                         |
| due process           | 適正手続  | てきせいてつづき | 9-12  | Useful   | fair legal procedures protecting individual rights  |
| federalism            | 連邦主義  | れんぽうしゅぎ  | 9-12  | Core     | division of power between national and state governments  |
| government            | 政府    | せいふ      | 9-12  | Core     | system for making and enforcing laws  |
| judicial review       | 違憲審査  | いけんしんさ   | 9-12  | Core     | power of courts to evaluate whether laws or actions fit the constitution                            |
| popular sovereignty   | 国民主権  | こくみんしゅけん | 9-12  | Core     | principle that political authority comes from the people  |
| republic              | 共和国   | きょうわこく   | 9-12  | Useful   | government in which citizens elect representatives  |
| rule of law           | 法の支配  | ほうのしはい   | 9-12  | Core     | principle that everyone is subject to the law   |
| citizen               | 市民    | しみん      | 9-12  | Core     | member of a country with rights and responsibilities  |
| civil discourse       | 市民的対話 | しみんてきたいわ | 9-12  | Useful   | respectful discussion of public issues among people with different views                            |
| equal protection      | 平等保護  | びょうどうほご  | 9-12  | Core     | constitutional principle requiring the law to treat people fairly and without unjust discrimination |
| interest group        | 利益団体  | りえきだんたい  | 9-12  | Useful   | organized group seeking to influence policy   |
| justice               | 正義    | せいぎ      | 9-12  | Core     | fairness in law institutions and society  |
| lobbying              | ロビー活動 | ろびーかつどう  | 9-12  | Useful   | organized effort to influence lawmakers or government officials                                     |
| petition              | 請願    | せいがん     | 9-12  | Useful   | formal request to authorities signed by supporters  |
| policy implementation | 政策実施  | せいさくじっし  | 9-12  | Useful   | process of putting a law or policy into action  |

|                    |      |           |      |        |  |
|--------------------|------|-----------|------|--------|--|
| political platform | 政党綱領 | せいとうこうりょう | 9-12 | Useful | statement of positions and goals put forward by a political group or candidate |
| public opinion     | 世論   | よろん       | 9-12 | Core   | views held by the public that can shape elections and policy decisions         |
| public policy      | 公共政策 | こうきょうせいさく | 9-12 | Core   | government plan or course of action on an issue                                |
| responsibilities   | 責任   | せきにん      | 9-12 | Core   | duties expected of members of society  |
| rights             | 権利   | けんり       | 9-12 | Core   | legal or moral protections or freedoms   |
| suffrage           | 参政権  | さんせいけん    | 9-12 | Useful | right to vote in elections   |

## Economics (sorted)

| English               | 日本語  | よみ         | Grade | Priority | Student note / use   |
|-----------------------|------|------------|-------|----------|--|
| comparative advantage | 比較優位 | ひかくゆうい     | 9-12  | Useful   | ability to produce a good at lower opportunity cost than another producer or country               |
| demand                | 需要   | じゅよう       | 9-12  | Core     | amount consumers are willing to buy  |
| economy               | 経済   | けいざい       | 9-12  | Core     | system for producing distributing and consuming goods and services                                 |
| elasticity            | 弾力性  | だんりょくせい    | 9-12  | Useful   | measure of how much buyers or sellers respond to changes such as price                             |
| equilibrium price     | 均衡価格 | きんこうかかく    | 9-12  | Core     | price level at which quantity supplied and quantity demanded are balanced                          |
| incentive             | 誘因   | ゆういん       | 9-12  | Useful   | benefit or cost that influences decisions  |
| marginal analysis     | 限界分析 | げんかいはんぶんせき | 9-12  | Core     | decision-making method comparing additional costs and additional benefits                          |
| market economy        | 市場経済 | しじょうけいざい   | 9-12  | Core     | economic system in which prices and production are guided largely by supply demand and competition |
| market equilibrium    | 市場均衡 | しじょうきんこう   | 9-12  | Core     | point where supply and demand meet and set an exchange level                                       |
| monopoly              | 独占   | どくせん       | 9-12  | Useful   | market structure in which one seller dominates supply  |
| productivity          | 生産性  | せいさんせい     | 9-12  | Useful   | amount produced relative to resources used   |
| scarcity              | 希少性  | きしょうせい     | 9-12  | Core     | condition of limited resources relative to wants   |
| supply                | 供給   | きょうきゅう     | 9-12  | Core     | amount producers are willing to sell   |

|                        |          |           |      |        |   |
|------------------------|----------|-----------|------|--------|---|
| capital                | 資本       | しほん       | 9-12 | Useful | money tools or resources used to produce goods and services                     |
| export                 | 輸出       | ゆしゅつ      | 9-12 | Core   | good or service sold to another country   |
| fiscal policy          | 財政政策     | ざいせいせいさく  | 9-12 | Core   | use of government spending and taxation to influence economic conditions        |
| gross domestic product | GDP      | じーでいーぴー   | 9-12 | Core   | total value of goods and services produced within a country in a period of time |
| import                 | 輸入       | ゆにゅう      | 9-12 | Core   | good or service brought into a country  |
| inflation              | インフレーション | いんふれーしょん  | 9-12 | Useful | general rise in prices over time  |
| investment             | 投資       | とうし       | 9-12 | Core   | use of money or resources for future return                                     |
| labor                  | 労働       | ろうどう      | 9-12 | Core   | human work used in production   |
| recession              | 景気後退     | けいきこうたい   | 9-12 | Useful | period of economic decline  |
| standard of living     | 生活水準     | せいかつすいじゅん | 9-12 | Useful | level of material well-being and access to goods services and opportunities     |
| tariff                 | 関税       | かんぜい      | 9-12 | Useful | tax on imported goods   |
| taxation               | 課税       | かぜい       | 9-12 | Useful | process of collecting money for government use                                  |
| trade                  | 貿易       | ぼうえき      | 9-12 | Core   | exchange of goods and services  |
| unemployment           | 失業       | しつぎょう     | 9-12 | Core   | condition of being without a job while seeking work                             |

## Geography (sorted)

| English               | 日本語     | よみ         | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|-----------------------|---------|------------|-------|----------|---|
| climate               | 気候      | きこう        | 9-12  | Core     | long-term pattern of weather in a region                                    |
| climate change        | 気候変動    | きこうへんどう    | 9-12  | Core     | long-term shift in climate patterns   |
| environmental policy  | 環境政策    | かんきょうせいさく  | 9-12  | Core     | laws and plans for protecting resources and managing environmental problems |
| land-use change       | 土地利用の変化 | とちりょうのへんか  | 9-12  | Useful   | shift in how land is organized developed farmed or protected                |
| nonrenewable resource | 再生不能資源  | さいせいふのうしげん | 9-12  | Useful   | resource that cannot be replaced quickly                                    |
| renewable resource    | 再生可能資源  | さいせいかのうしげん | 9-12  | Useful   | resource replaced naturally over time                                       |
| resilience            | レジリエンス  | れじりえんす     | 9-12  | Core     | ability of people or systems to respond to disruption and recover           |

|                              |         |               |      |        |   |
|------------------------------|---------|---------------|------|--------|---|
| resource extraction          | 資源採掘    | しげんさいくつ       | 9-12 | Core   | removing useful materials from the Earth for economic use   |
| resource management          | 資源管理    | しげんかんり        | 9-12 | Useful | planning and decision making about how resources are used protected or distributed                    |
| scarcity                     | 希少性     | さしょうせい        | 9-12 | Core   | condition of limited resources and unlimited wants  |
| sustainability               | 持続可能性   | じぞくかのうせい      | 9-12 | Core   | use of resources in a way that can continue over time   |
| demographic transition       | 人口転換    | じんこうてんかん      | 9-12 | Useful | pattern of population change associated with shifts in birth and death rates over time                |
| geospatial coordinate system | 地理空間座標系 | ちりくうかんざびょうけい  | 9-12 | Useful | framework for locating places with latitude longitude and other mapped coordinates                    |
| global supply chain          | 世界的供給網  | せかいてきぎょうぎゅうもう | 9-12 | Useful | linked steps through which goods are produced moved and sold across countries                         |
| globalization                | グローバル化  | ぐるーばるか        | 9-12 | Core   | increasing connection among countries and peoples   |
| location                     | 位置      | いち            | 9-12 | Core   | where something is situated   |
| map projection               | 地図投影法   | ちずとうえいほう      | 9-12 | Useful | method of showing the curved Earth on a flat map  |
| migration                    | 移住      | いじゅう          | 9-12 | Core   | movement of people from one place to another  |
| place                        | 場所      | ばしょ           | 9-12 | Core   | location with physical and human characteristics  |
| population density           | 人口密度    | じんこうみつど       | 9-12 | Core   | number of people living in a given area   |
| region                       | 地域      | ちいき           | 9-12 | Core   | area defined by shared features or connections  |
| regional integration         | 地域統合    | ちいきとうごう       | 9-12 | Useful | process through which neighboring places become more connected economically politically or culturally |
| spatial distribution         | 空間分布    | くうかんぶんぷ       | 9-12 | Useful | pattern showing how people resources or events are spread across space                                |
| strategic location           | 戦略的な位置  | せんりゃくてきないち    | 9-12 | Useful | location that matters because of trade security or political advantage                                |
| urbanization                 | 都市化     | としか           | 9-12 | Core   | growth of cities and urban life   |

## History (sorted)

| English                   | 日本語     | よみ           | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|---------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|----------|---|
| cause                     | 原因      | げんいん         | 9-12  | Core     | reason an event or development happened   |
| effect                    | 結果      | けっか          | 9-12  | Core     | result that followed from an event or decision  |
| historical interpretation | 歴史解釈    | れきしかいしゃく     | 9-12  | Core     | reasoned explanation of the past based on evidence and perspective                              |
| industrialization         | 工業化     | こうぎょうか       | 9-12  | Core     | shift toward machine-based manufacturing and factory production                                 |
| interpretation            | 解釈      | かいしゃく        | 9-12  | Core     | reasoned explanation of historical meaning  |
| multicausality            | 複合因果    | ふくごういんが      | 9-12  | Useful   | idea that events usually have more than one cause   |
| nationalism               | 国家主義    | こっかしゅぎ       | 9-12  | Useful   | strong identification with and support for a nation   |
| proximate cause           | 直接的な原因  | ちよくせつてきげんいん  | 9-12  | Useful   | immediate factor that triggered a larger event or development                                   |
| reform                    | 改革      | かいかく         | 9-12  | Core     | change made to improve a system or society  |
| revolution                | 革命      | かくめい         | 9-12  | Core     | major political or social transformation  |
| underlying factor         | 背景要因    | はいけいよういん     | 9-12  | Useful   | deeper structural condition shaping why change became possible or likely                        |
| unintended consequence    | 意図しない結果 | いとしないけっか     | 9-12  | Useful   | outcome that was not planned or expected by historical actors or policymakers                   |
| change over time          | 時代による変化 | じだいによるへんか    | 9-12  | Core     | ways people institutions and ideas develop across time  |
| colonization              | 植民地化    | しょくみんちか      | 9-12  | Useful   | process of settling and controlling another territory   |
| contingency               | 偶発性     | ぐうはつせい       | 9-12  | Useful   | idea that outcomes depend on choices conditions and events that could have happened differently |
| empire                    | 帝国      | ていこく         | 9-12  | Core     | state ruling multiple lands or peoples  |
| historical context        | 歴史的な背景  | れきしてきはいけい    | 9-12  | Core     | conditions surrounding an event source or decision  |
| historical narrative      | 歴史叙述    | れきしじょじゅつ     | 9-12  | Core     | account that organizes events and interpretation into a coherent explanation of the past        |
| historical perspective    | 歴史的な視点  | れきしてきてん      | 9-12  | Useful   | understanding the past through the values and conditions of its time                            |
| historical significance   | 歴史的な重要性 | れきしてきじゅうようせい | 9-12  | Useful   | judgment about why a person event or development matters in history                             |

|               |      |         |      |        |   |
|---------------|------|---------|------|--------|---|
| imperialism   | 帝国主義 | ていこくしゅぎ | 9-12 | Core   | policy of extending power over other lands or peoples         |
| periodization | 時代区分 | じだいくぶん  | 9-12 | Useful | way historians divide the past into meaningful blocks of time |
| turning point | 転換点  | てんかんでん  | 9-12 | Core   | event that marks a significant shift                          |

## Inquiry and Interpretation (sorted)

| English            | 日本語     | よみ           | Grade | Priority | Student note / use  |
|--------------------|---------|--------------|-------|----------|---|
| analysis           | 分析      | ぶんせき         | 9-12  | Core     | careful study of sources and ideas  |
| annotation         | 注釈      | ちゅうしゃく       | 9-12  | Useful   | notes added to a text or source to mark meaning evidence or questions           |
| conclusion         | 結論      | けつろん         | 9-12  | Core     | final claim or judgment based on evidence                                       |
| counterclaim       | 反対主張    | はんたいしゅちょう    | 9-12  | Useful   | position that challenges the main argument                                      |
| line of reasoning  | 論理の筋道   | ろんりのすじみち     | 9-12  | Core     | clear sequence showing how evidence and analysis build toward a conclusion      |
| paraphrase         | 言い換え    | いいかえ         | 9-12  | Useful   | restate source information in new words   |
| presentation       | 発表      | はっぴょう        | 9-12  | Core     | spoken communication of research or argument                                    |
| qualify a claim    | 主張を限定する | しゅちょうをげんていする | 9-12  | Useful   | adjust an argument to reflect exceptions limits or greater precision            |
| reasoning          | 論理      | ろんり          | 9-12  | Core     | thinking that connects evidence to a conclusion                                 |
| rebuttal           | 反       | はんぱく         | 9-12  | Useful   | response that explains why an opposing claim is weak or incomplete              |
| source attribution | 出典明示    | しゅってんめいじ     | 9-12  | Useful   | clear indication of where specific information or evidence comes from           |
| summary            | 要約      | ようやく         | 9-12  | Core     | brief statement of main ideas or findings                                       |
| thesis             | 中心主張    | ちゅうしんしゅちょう   | 9-12  | Core     | main argument of an essay or presentation                                       |
| bias               | 偏り      | かたより         | 9-12  | Useful   | one-sided viewpoint that shapes a source or argument                            |
| claim              | 主張      | しゅちょう        | 9-12  | Core     | statement that can be supported by evidence                                     |
| contextualization  | 文脈化     | ぶんみゃくか       | 9-12  | Useful   | placing a source or event in its historical setting                             |
| corroboration      | 裏づけ     | うらづけ         | 9-12  | Useful   | confirmation by comparing multiple sources                                      |
| disciplinary lens  | 学問的視点   | がくもんてきしてん    | 9-12  | Core     | way of examining an issue through the methods and questions of a field of study |

|                          |         |               |      |        |   |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------|------|--------|---|
| document-based question  | 資料活用問題  | しりょうかつようもんだい  | 9-12 | Core   | writing task that requires analyzing documents and building an evidence-based historical argument |
| historiographical debate | 歴史解釈の論争 | れきしかいしゃくのろんそう | 9-12 | Core   | scholarly disagreement about how the past should be interpreted                                   |
| inference                | 推論      | すいろん          | 9-12 | Core   | conclusion drawn from evidence and reasoning  |
| point of view            | 観点      | かんてん          | 9-12 | Core   | position from which a source or person sees and explains events                                   |
| qualitative evidence     | 質的証拠    | しつてきしょうこ      | 9-12 | Useful | descriptive evidence drawn from words images or observations rather than numbers alone            |
| quantitative evidence    | 定量的証拠   | ていりょうてきしょうこ   | 9-12 | Core   | numerical data used to support a claim or interpretation  |
| reliability              | 信頼性     | しんらいせい        | 9-12 | Core   | degree to which a source can be trusted   |
| sourcing                 | 出典分析    | しゅってんぶんせき     | 9-12 | Useful | considering who created a source and why  |
| synthesis                | 統合      | とうごう          | 9-12 | Core   | combining information from multiple sources into a coherent interpretation or argument            |